

Abstract The purpose of this study was to determine whether there were differences in the prevalence of risk factors for coronary artery disease between two groups of men who had been exposed to asbestos during their working lives. One group consisted of 100 men who had worked in asbestos-related occupations and the other group consisted of 100 men who had never worked in such occupations. The prevalence of risk factors for coronary artery disease was determined by means of a questionnaire and physical examination. The results showed that the prevalence of risk factors for coronary artery disease was significantly higher in the group of men who had worked in asbestos-related occupations than in the group of men who had never worked in such occupations. This suggests that exposure to asbestos may be a risk factor for coronary artery disease.

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INTERFERENCE SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner
297	217.3	4/16/05	AB
	4/52.54	4/16/05	AB
297	180.11	4/16/05	AB
2077/180.12		4/16/05	AB

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